Joint Preservation, Anterior Approach, and Robotics

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Outline

Joint Preservation
Surgery to prevent or delay hip replacement
Most often, hip arthroscopy
Anterior Approach
Data mounts to support faster recovery and more
accurate surgery
Robotics
Three dimensional planning coupled with robotic accuracy

Joint Preservation

There are several conditions for which early intervention may prevent the need for hip replacement.

FAI, or femoral acetabular impingement is the most common

FAI

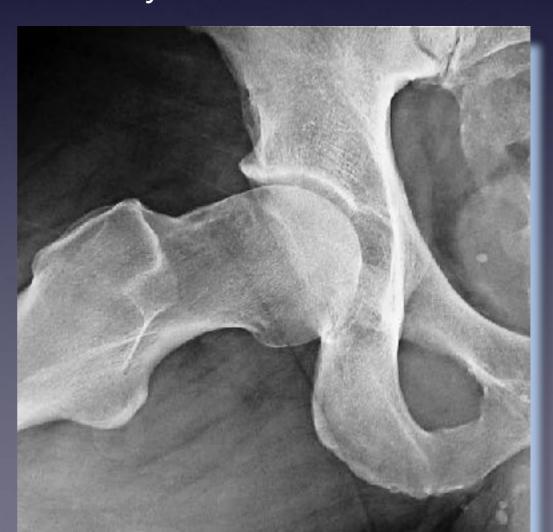
Recent data continues to support the ideal that early intervention in FAI prevents or delays hip replacement.

FAI

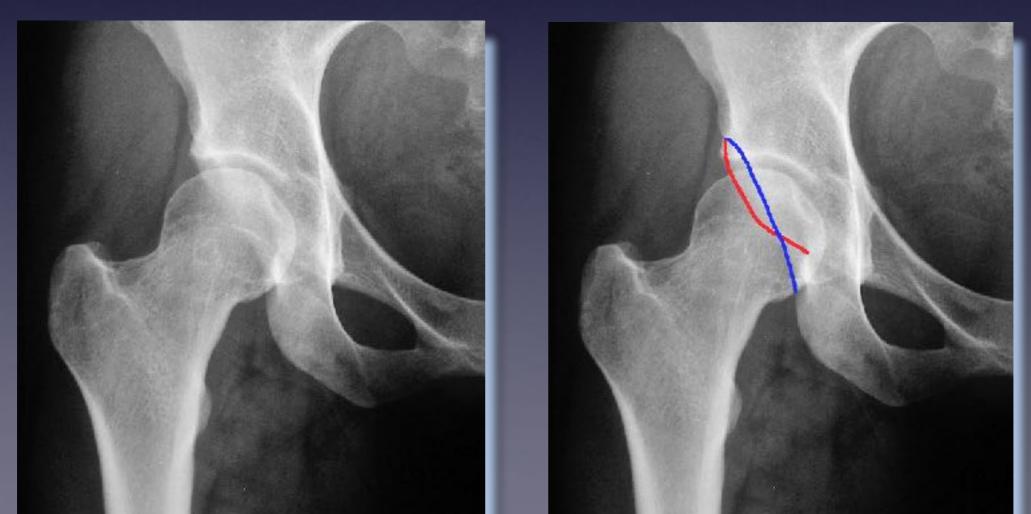
FAI is when, due to structural abnormalities in the hip, the femur bumps into the acetabulum too frequently and/or to forcefully

FAI
May be due to a femoral abnormality
CAM deformity

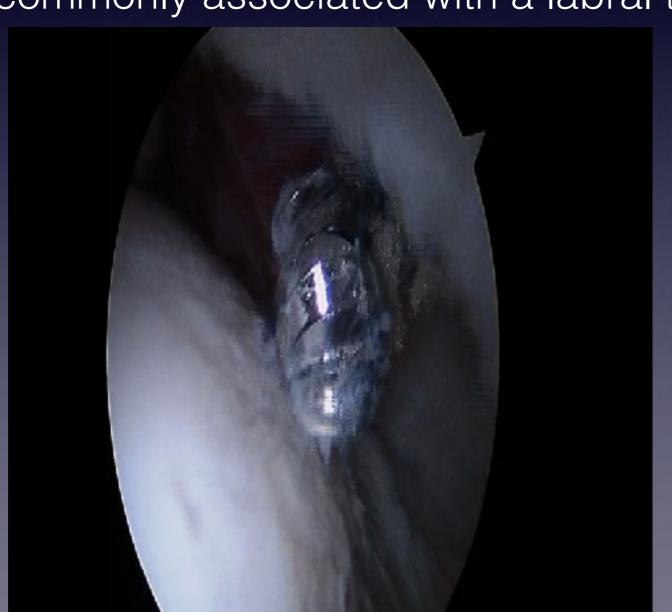




FAI
May be due to a cup, or acetabular deformity
Pincer



FAI Is commonly associated with a labral tear



The most common deformities that produce FAI can be corrected arthroscopically



Correction of FAI is relatively new, first started in Switzerland in the 1990s, it became common in the US around 2000.

Evidence continues to support the ideal that correction of FAI not only provides immediate improvement in symptoms, but also delays or reduces the risk of future hip replacement.

Direct Anterior Approach

This technique used to perform hip replacement became increasingly popular several years ago I now have done over 500 DA hips, and the results have been encouraging

- Direct Anterior Approach
 - The patient lays flat on the table
 - The incision is in the front of the hip





- Direct Anterior Approach
 - Accurate Xray guidance



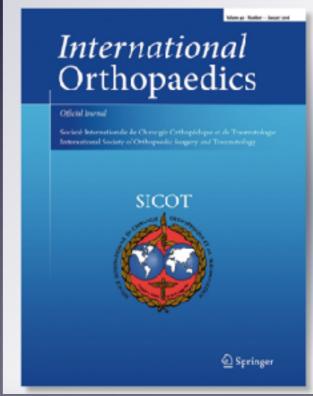
 We changed because of many reports documenting decreased recovery time

We discovered marked improvements in the accuracy of component positioning

Variables	Intraoperative fluoroscopy	Postoperative standing AP X-ray	t value	P value
DAA				
Inclination	42.32±1.91	42.98±1.81	1.354	1.181
Anteversion	22.30±1.41	22.88±1.38	-1.618	0.111
PA.				
Inclination	36.80+3.72	39.29+4.58	2.174	0.022
Anteversion	25.60±3.64	21.31±4.04	4.389	< 0.001

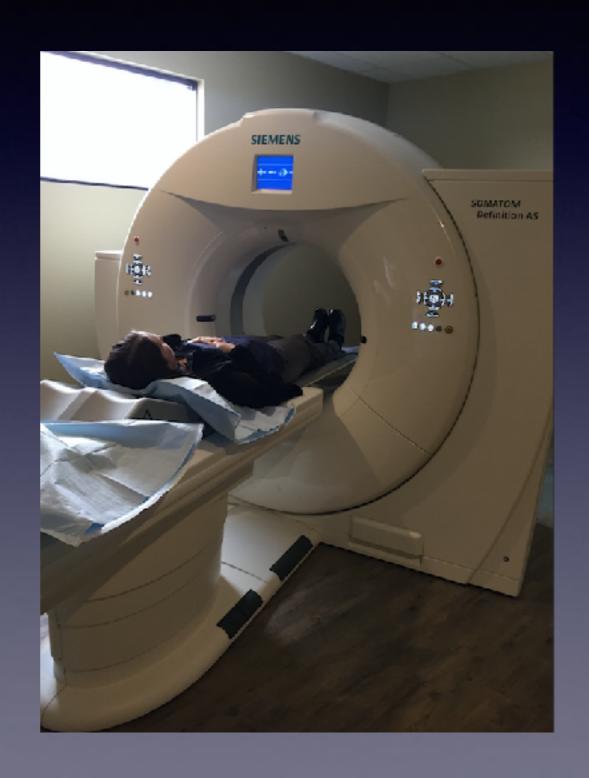
 Dr. Weifeng Ji and I published an article recently in the International Orthopedics Journal comparing the accuracy of the anterior approach vs the posterior approach based on

the patient's intraoperative x-rays

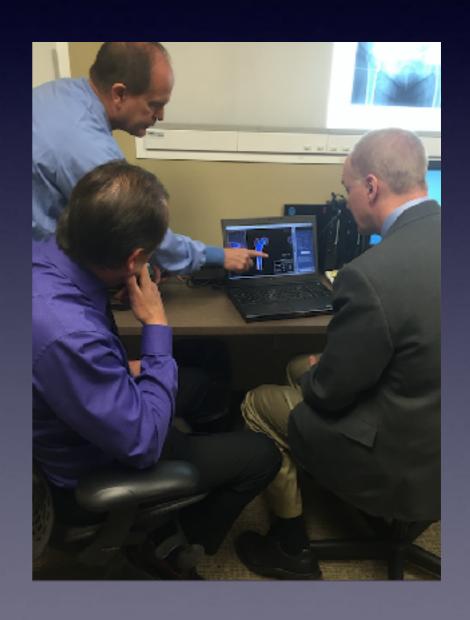


- Robotics, continued pursuit of accuracy
 - 3D planning
 - Registering the anatomy
 - How the robot works during surgery

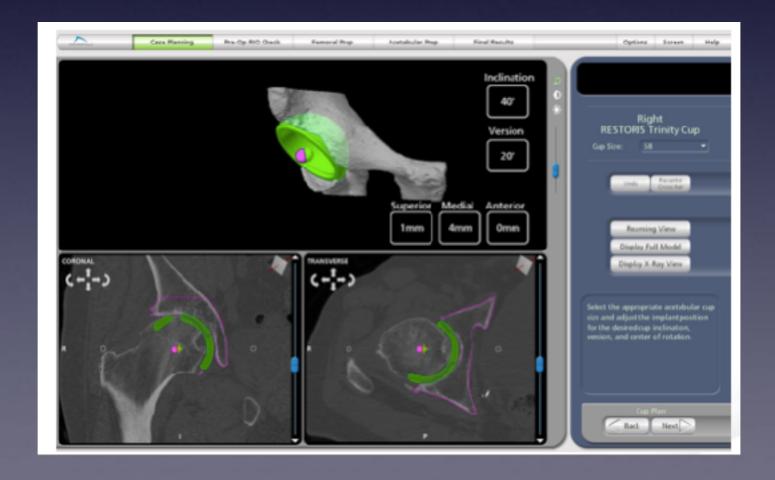
- 3D planning
 - CT scan



Computer aided design



Computer aided design



How the robot knows where the patients bones

are located



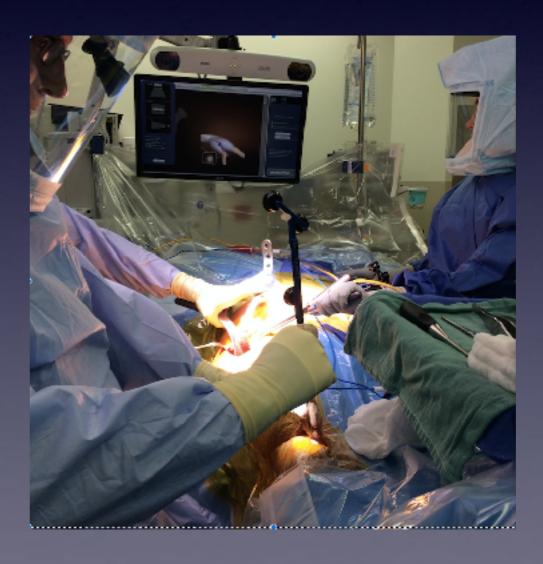
Registering the pelvis





Markers on the femur





The robot in action



- Accurate results
- Xray of THA



- Robotics as part of a rapid recovery
 - Multimodal pain control
 - Direct anterior approach
 - Rapid recovery anesthesia

- These techniques produce real differences in patient care
 - Same day discharge
 - Bilateral hip replacements

- Summary, techniques
 - Alternatives to hip replacement
 - Direct Anterior Hip Replacement
 - Robotic Hip replacement

- Summary, Results
 - Relief without replacement
 - Faster Recovery after replacement
 - More accurate surgery

Thank you

